Exploring drivers of adaptive radiation using a comparative genomics framework in Tillandsia (Bromeliaceae)



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This genomic variation may have been a key source in driving the adaptive radiation of the subg. Tillandsia.

References Granados Mendoza et al. "Geographic structure in two highly diverse lineages of Tillandsia (Bromeliaceae)." Botany 95.7 (2017): 641-651. De La Harpe, et al. "Genomic footprints of repeated evolution of CAM photosynthesis in tillandsioid bromeliads." bioRxiv (2018): 495812





Der Wissenschaftsfonds

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